

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

STUDENT NUMBER: \_\_\_\_\_

- No calculators or other electronic aids allowed.
- No notes, books or other papers allowed.
- Answer all questions in the space provided. You must justify your answers and explain your reasoning.
- There are 8 pages. In all there are 7 questions worth a total of 70 marks.

1. Find the derivative of the following functions:

[3]      a)  $y = 3\sqrt{x} - \frac{4}{x^3} + e^2.$

[3]      b)  $y = e^x \sin(x).$

[3]      c)  $y = \frac{\tan(x)}{\sqrt[5]{x}}.$

[4]      d)  $y = \cos(x)x^2e^x.$

2. An object is launched directly upward from a platform. If the height of the object with respect to the ground, in feet, after  $t$  seconds that it was launched is given by

$$h(t) = -2t^2 + 8t + 10.$$

- [4] a) Find the formulas that describe the velocity and acceleration of the object at time  $t$ .

- [2] b) Find the height and velocity of the object after 2 seconds. Give units.

- [4] c) What is the speed of the object at the moment that hits the ground? Give the units.

- [8]      3. Find an equation of the tangent line to  $f(t) = \pi \sin(t)$  at  $\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}, f\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)\right)$ .

4. Consider the function  $f(x) = 4x^5 - 5x^4$ .

- [3] a) Find the  $x$ -intercepts and  $y$ -intercept of  $f$ .
- [2] b) Find  $f'(x)$  and  $f''(x)$ .
- [6] c) Determine the intervals where  $f$  is increasing and where is decreasing. Conclude giving the first entry of the local maximums and local minimums of  $f$ .
- [6] d) Determine the intervals where  $f$  is concave upward and where is concave downward. Conclude giving the first entry of the inflection points of  $f$ .

- [8] 5. Consider the function  $f(x) = \sqrt{2x}$ . Using limits, compute  $f'(x)$ . Also, determine the domain of  $f'(x)$ .

[7] 6. Find all the solutions of  $\sin(2x) = 2 \sin(x)$  on  $[0, 2\pi]$ .

- [7] 7. Consider the function  $f(x) = e^x$ . Find all the points where the slope  $m$  of the tangent line to  $f$  is of the form  $m = e^{x^2}e^{x-4}$ .